Materials

General

All trace wire and trace wire products shall be domestically manufactured in the U.S.A.

All trace wire shall have HDPE insulation intended for direct bury, color coated per APWA standard for the specific utility being marked.

Trace wire

- **Open Trench** Trace wire shall be #12 AWG Copper Clad Steel, High Strength with minimum 450 lb. break load, with minimum 30 mil HDPE insulation thickness.
- **Directional Drilling/Boring** Trace wire shall be #12 AWG Copper Clad Steel, Extra High Strength with minimum 1,150 lb. break load, with minimum 30 mil HDPE insulation thickness.
- Trace wire Pipe Bursting/Slip Lining Trace wire shall be 7 x 7 Stranded Copper Clad Steel, Extreme Strength with 4,700 lb. break load, with minimum 50 ml HDPE insulation thickness.

Connectors

- All mainline trace wires must be interconnected in intersections, at mainline tees and mainline
 crosses. At tees, the three wires shall be joined using a single 3-way lockable connector. At Crosses,
 the four wires shall be joined using a 4-way connector. Use of two 3-way connectors with a short
 jumper wire between them is an acceptable alternative.
- **Direct bury wire connectors** shall include 3-way lockable connectors and mainline to lateral lug connectors specifically manufactured for use in underground trace wire installation. Connectors shall be dielectric silicon filled to seal out moisture and corrosion, and shall be installed in a manner so as to prevent any uninsulated wire exposure.
- Non locking friction fit, twist on or taped connectors are prohibited.

Termination/Access

- All trace wire termination points must utilize an approved trace wire access box (above ground access box or grade level/in-ground access box as applicable), specifically manufactured for this purpose.
- All grade level/in-ground access boxes shall be appropriately identified with "sewer" or "water" cast into the cap and be color coded.
- A minimum of 2 ft. of excess/slack wire is required in all trace wire access boxes after meeting final elevation.
- All trace wire access boxes must include a manually interruptible conductive/connective link between the terminal(s) for the trace wire connection and the terminal for the grounding anode wire connection.
- Grounding anode wire shall be connected to the identified (or bottom) terminal on all access boxes.

- **Service Laterals on public property** Trace wire must terminate at an approved grade level/inground trace wire access box, located at the edge of the road right-of-way, and out of the roadway.
- Service Laterals on private property Trace wire must terminate at an approved above-ground trace wire access box, affixed to the building exterior directly above where the utility enters the building, at an elevation not greater than 5 vertical feet above finished grade, or terminate at an approved grade level/in-ground trace wire access box, located within 2 linear feet of the building being served by the utility.
- Long-runs, in excess of 500 linear feet without service laterals Trace wire access must be provided utilizing an approved grade level/in-ground trace wire access box, located at the edge of the road right-of-way, and out of the roadway. The grade level/in-ground trace wire access box shall be delineated using a minimum 48" polyethylene marker post, color coded per APWA standard for the specific utility being marked.

Grounding

- Trace wire must be properly grounded at all dead ends/stubs
- Grounding of trace wire shall be achieved by use of a drive-in magnesium grounding anode rod with
 a minimum of 20ft of #12 red HDPE insulated copper clad steel wire connected to anode (minimum
 1.5 lb.) specifically manufactured for this purpose, and buried at the same elevation as the utility.
- When grounding the trace wire at dead ends/stubs, the grounding anode shall be installed in a direction 180 degrees opposite of the trace wire, at the maximum possible distance.
- When grounding the trace wire in areas where the trace wire is continuous and neither the mainline
 trace wire or the grounding anode wire will be terminated at/above grade, install grounding anode
 directly beneath and in-line with the trace wire. Do not coil excess wire from grounding anode. In this
 installation method, the grounding anode wire shall be trimmed to an appropriate length before
 connecting to trace wire with a mainline to lateral lug connector.
- Where the anode wire will be connected to a trace wire access box, a minimum of 2 ft. of excess/slack wire is required after meeting final elevation.

Installation

General

- Trace wire installation shall be performed in such a manner that allows proper access for connection
 of line tracing equipment, proper locating of wire without loss or deterioration of low frequency
 (512Hz) signal for distances in excess of 1,000 linear feet, and without distortion of signal caused by
 multiple wires being installed in close proximity to one another.
- Trace wire systems must be installed as a single continuous wire, except where using approved connectors. No looping or coiling of wire is allowed.

- Any damage occurring during installation of the trace wire must be immediately repaired by removing the damaged wire and installing a new section of wire with approved connectors. Taping and/or spray coating shall not be allowed.
- Trace wire shall be installed at the bottom half of the pipe and secured (taped/tied) at 5' intervals.
- Trace wire must be properly grounded as specified.
- Trace wire on all service laterals/stubs must terminate at an approved trace wire access box located directly above the utility, at the edge of the road right-of-way, but out of the roadway. (See Trace wire Termination/Access)
- At all mainline dead-ends, trace wire shall go to ground using an approved connection to a drive-in magnesium grounding anode rod, buried at the same depth as the trace wire. (See Grounding)
- Mainline trace wire shall not be connected to existing conductive pipes. Treat as a mainline deadend, ground using an approved waterproof connection to a grounding anode buried at the same depth as the trace wire.
- All service lateral trace wires shall be a single wire, connected to the mainline trace wire using a mainline to lateral lug connector, installed without cutting/splicing the mainline trace wire.
- In occurrences where an existing trace wire is encountered on an existing utility that is being extended or tied into, the new trace wire and existing trace wire shall be connected using approved splice connectors and shall be properly grounded at the splice location as specified.

Storm Sewer System

This section shall be included at the discretion of the facility owner.

- If the storm sewer system includes service laterals for connection of private drains and tile lines, it shall be specified the same as a sanitary sewer application.
- Lay mainline trace wire continuously, by-passing around the outside of manholes/structure on the North or East side.

Prohibited Products and Methods

The following products and methods shall not be allowed or acceptable

- Uninsulated trace wire
- Trace wire insulations other than HDPE
- Trace wires not domestically manufactured
- Non locking, friction fit, twist on or taped connectors
- Brass or copper ground rods
- Wire connections utilizing taping or spray-on waterproofing
- Looped wire or continuous wire installations, that has multiple wires laid side-by-side or in close proximity to one another
- Trace wire wrapped around the corresponding utility
- Brass fittings with trace wire connection lugs

- Wire terminations within the roadway, i.e. in valve boxes, cleanouts, manholes, etc.
- Connecting trace wire to existing conductive utilities

Testing

- After all of the trench backfill operations are successfully completed, and prior to the final paving, the CONTRACTOR shall perform continuity and trace tests on all tracer wire in the presence of the AGENCY. If the tracer wirer is found to be not continuous after testing, the CONTRACTOR shall repair or replace the failed segment of the wire. The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for all costs to confirm, locate, and repair any breaks in the tracer wire identified in the continuity test. In addition, the CONTRACTOR shall reimburse the AGENCY for all costs incurred by the AGENCY in relation to retesting the tracer wire continuity including, but not limited to, inspection and observation. The CONTRACTOR is advised to use care in the installation and backfilling operations to prevent damage to the wire. The CONTRACTOR shall notify the AGENCY a minimum of two (2) working days in writing prior to installation of paving over the pipelines.
- All new trace wire installations shall be located using typical low frequency (512Hz) line tracing
 equipment, witnessed by the contractor, engineer and facility owner as applicable, prior to
 acceptance of ownership.
- This verification shall be performed upon completion of rough grading and again prior to final acceptance of the project.
- Continuity testing in lieu of actual line tracing shall not be accepted.
- Verification shall be witnessed by the utility or their designated representative.

Products

The following products have been deemed acceptable and appropriate. These products are a guide only to help you choose the correct applications for your tracer wire project.

- Copper clad Steel (CCS) trace wire
 - Open Trench Copperhead #12 High Strength part # 1230*-HS**
 - Directional Drilling/Boring Copperhead Extra High Strength part # 1245*-EHS**
 - Pipe Bursting/Slip Lining Copperhead SoloShot Extreme Strength 7 x 7 Stranded part # PBX-50*-**
 - * Denotes color: B=Blue, G-Green, P=Purple
 - **Denotes spool size. 500' 1000' 2500'
- Connectors
 - Copperhead 3-way locking connector part # LSC1230*
 - DryConn 3- way Direct Bury Lug: Copperhead Part # 3WB-01
- Termination/Access
 - Non-Roadway access boxes applications: Trace wire access boxes Grade level Copperhead adjustable lite duty Part # LD14*TP
 - Concrete / Driveway access box applications: Trace wire access boxes Grade level
 Copperhead Part # CD14*TP 14"
 - Fire hydrant trace wire access box applications: Above ground two terminal Cobra Test
 Station, denoting "F" includes hydrant mounting flange. Copperhead part # T2*-FLPKG-5/8 to fit hydrants with 5/8" bolts and T2*-FLPKG-3/4 to fit hydrants with ¾" b olts.
- Grounding
 - o Drive in Magnesium Anode: Copperhead Part # ANO-12 (1.5 lb)

Manufacture product options:

The information provided by Copperhead Industries gives you product options to help you choose the correct wire – termination/access points – connectors and grounding products. Other manufactures provide these products; this information is only a guide.